Job Shadowing and Information Interviews

Objectives
1. Learn the definition and description of job shadowing and information interview experiences.
2. Become familiar with the process of conducting an information interview or job shadowing opportunity.
3. Learn strategies for executing and making the most of job shadowing and information interview experiences.

What is Job Shadowing?
Job shadowing is a type of experiential learning opportunity that involves observing a working professional throughout his or her typical workday or workweek. Through direct observation, students may learn important information that can help them make career decisions like choosing a major, occupation, or industry. Job shadowing can be done in person or virtually and is sometimes called an externship.

Though generally not for credit or compensation, job shadowing provides many benefits. It may help clarify career goals, connect classroom learning to real-world application, and allow for exploration of different occupations and workplace cultures.

Job shadowing at a specific organization can also aid in the development of professional networking contacts that may make finding and acquiring future internships or full-time opportunities easier. A great way to identify possible contacts to job shadow is through the ProfessioNole database on SeminoleLink (www.career.fsu.edu/ProfessioNole). Speak with a Career Advisor or Career Liaison to help you learn other ways to find and acquire job shadowing experiences.

What is an Information Interview?
Unlike job shadowing, which is observation-focused and usually happens over the course of a day or week, an information interview is a single appointment you schedule with a particular professional for the purpose of gaining current, regional, and/or specialized occupational, industry, or other career-related information from an “insider’s” point of view.

Why Participate in Job Shadowing or an Information Interview?
- To get valuable information for your job hunting and career planning (e.g., choosing an academic major or career). It is a good way to “reality check” what you have read, heard, and thought.
- To learn about a particular organization or field, how you might fit in, and what problems (or opportunities) are present in the industry. Knowing these things may help you slant your qualifications towards the needs of the organization if you choose to apply for a job at some point.
• To increase your interviewing skills by discussing yourself and your career interests with professionals.
• To enlarge your circle of “expert” contacts in your desired field. It is often who you know (or get to know) that gets you a job. Job shadowing and information interviews allow you to learn new information while establishing new contacts.
• To ask for referrals (e.g., “Can you suggest some other people whom I might talk to about jobs in this field?”).

Who Should I Contact?
Feelings of uncertainty in identifying who to talk to can make the idea of information interviewing intimidating at first. Thoughts like “I don’t know anyone in my desired field” or “I don’t want to bother anyone by asking for an information interview” are normal, but rest assured that both job shadowing and information interviewing are common activities in the world of work and most professionals are familiar with these practices. When identifying individuals to shadow or perform information interviews with, look for those who:
• Share a common academic major, interest, enthusiasm, or involvement in some activity or lifestyle that appeals to you.
• Work/have worked in a setting that appeals to you (e.g., hospitals, textile companies, colleges, airlines).
• Work/have worked in career areas in which you are interested (e.g., counseling psychologist, market researcher, public relations).
• Work/have worked in specific jobs in specific organizations (e.g., counseling psychologist at a university counseling center, consumer education representative at a utility company, market researcher at IBM) in which you are interested.

How Do I Find Potential Contacts?
• Ask friends, family, neighbors, colleagues, faculty, peers, and former employers — anyone you know — for an information interview or for a referral.
• Contact Career Center personnel or other University offices. The Employer Relations and Recruitment Services unit of The Career Center has the names of many employer contacts. You can review employer business cards in The Career Center Library and look at employer attendees at Career Center-sponsored career fairs at www.career.fsu.edu.

How Should I Prepare?
Preparation is key to getting the most out of a job shadowing or information interview experience. People are generally happy to talk about what they do and how they do it, especially with someone who shares their interests or passions, but do not waste their time (or your time!) by arriving to the job shadow or interview without doing your homework. Know how to articulate your values, interests, and skills, as well as how these relate to the career field represented by the person(s) you are shadowing/interviewing.

Research the career area and organization of the person you are shadowing/interviewing. Check materials in The Career Center, Strozier, and other local libraries for print information. If no print materials are available, you may want to call and ask the organization to send you any literature they might have (annual report, promotional brochures, etc.). Also, check the Internet for any websites associated with the organization or career field in which you’re interested.

Know exactly what type of information you want and have a list of questions in mind. Generally, do not ask personal questions regarding topics like the professional’s salary, benefits, or other sensitive information

Use ProfessioNole, an online database of alumni and other individuals who have volunteered to participate in career-related conversations with FSU students. It can be accessed through SeminoleLink (www.career.fsu.edu/SeminoleLink).

Call community service agencies and trade/professional organizations (e.g., women’s organizations, Chamber of Commerce, Information Management Association), or review their websites.

Scan the Yellow Pages at www.yp.com or articles in newspapers, magazines, and journals.

Attend meetings (local, state, regional) for professional associations in your career field(s).

Create a LinkedIn profile and begin building an online professional network. LinkedIn has several features that can help you connect with individuals through contacts you already have. The Career Center’s LinkedIn group is a good starting point to connect with your peers, alumni, and employers. Log in and search for Florida State University Career Center to join. For more information about how to get started with linkedin.com, view the “Building A LinkedIn Presence” guide at The Career Center or online at career.fsu.edu/Resources/Career-Guides.
topics. Keep questions professional and try not to ask for information that can routinely be found elsewhere.

**What Questions Might I Ask?**

Questions related to the following topics are perfectly acceptable in an information interview:

- **Background:** Tell me how you got started in this field. What was your education? What educational background or related experience might be helpful in entering this field?
- **Work Environment:** What are the daily duties of your job? What are the working conditions? What skills/abilities are utilized in your field?
- **Challenges:** What are the toughest challenges you deal with at work? What problems does the industry as a whole have? What is being done to solve these problems?
- **Lifestyle:** What obligation does your work put on you outside the work week? How much flexibility do you have in terms of dress, work hours, or vacations?
- **Rewards:** What do you find most rewarding about this work?
- **Typical Compensation:** What salary range might be typical for an entry-level professional in this field? What kinds of benefits are typically offered to individuals in this kind of work? What are other forms of compensation (e.g., bonuses, commissions, securities) that might be offered?
- **Potential:** Where do you see yourself going in a few years? What are your long-term goals?
- **Demand:** Where do you see yourself going in a few years? What are your long-term goals?
- **Rewards:** What do you find most rewarding about this work?
- **Typical Compensation:** What salary range might be typical for an entry-level professional in this field? What kinds of benefits are typically offered to individuals in this kind of work? What are other forms of compensation (e.g., bonuses, commissions, securities) that might be offered?
- **Potential:** Where do you see yourself going in a few years? What are your long-term goals?
- **Demand:** Where do you see yourself going in a few years? What are your long-term goals?
- **Promotional:** Is turnover high in this field? How does one move from position to position? Do people normally move to another company/division/agency? What is your policy about promotions from within? What happened to the person(s) who last held this position? How many have held this job in the last 5 years? How are employees evaluated?
- **The Industry:** What trends do you see for this industry in the next 3 to 5 years? What kind of future do you see for this organization? How much of your business is tied to the economy, government spending, weather, supplies, etc.?
- **Advice:** How well-suited is my background for this field? When the time comes, how would I go about finding a job in this field? What experience, paid or volunteer, would you recommend? What suggestions do you have to help make my résumé more effective? What other advice would you give to someone like me looking to enter this field?
- **Hiring Decision:** What are the most important factors used to hire people in this field (education, past experience, personality, special skills)? Who makes the hiring decisions for your department? Who supervises the boss? When I am ready to apply for a job, who should I contact?
- **Job Market:** How do people find out about your jobs? Are they advertised in the newspaper (which ones?), on the web, by word-of-mouth (who spreads the word?), by the personnel office?
- **Referral to other information opportunities:** What professional organizations might have information about this career area? Can you name a relevant trade journal or magazine you would recommend I review regularly?
- **Referral to others:** Based on our conversation today, what other types of people do you believe I should talk to? Can you name a few of these people? May I have permission to use your name when I contact them?
- **Other questions you have in mind — keep it professional!**

**How Do I Arrange the Interview/Job Shadow?**

Phone or email to explain your request and obtain an appointment. Email requests for appointments are most effective if followed up by a telephone inquiry to confirm an appointment time.

If possible, introduce yourself using a personal referral, like a mutual acquaintance. If you found this contact using services from The Career Center, use The Career Center as the bridge for your contact. (e.g., “I’m Jessica Long, a sophomore at FSU. I found your name in The Career Center’s ProfessioNole database”). If a personal referral is not available, let the individual know how you found them and emphasize your common interests, goals, or career pursuits as the bridge to connect you.

Explain your request to schedule a job shadowing experience or appointment to gather information about their field of work. If questioned, indicate clearly that you are not applying for a job at this time. Rather, you are conducting career research to help you make better decisions. If the person you are trying to reach is not in, you can leave a message or ask when to call back.
For an information interview, try to schedule a 20 to 30 minute appointment, to be conducted by phone or in person at the person’s convenience. If the present time is too busy for the person you contact, ask when would be a better time or ask if he or she can suggest another contact that could provide you with helpful information. If your intent is to speak with the individual in person (which is optimal), try to avoid letting your phone call to schedule the appointment turn into the actual interview. Sometimes the potential interviewee might say over the phone: “I have some time now... what did you want to ask me?” You should be prepared to conduct the interview over the phone if the person gives you an opportunity to do so. If you are able to schedule an on-site visit, remember to ask for directions and parking information.

For job shadowing, state your interest in job shadowing and outline what you are hoping to gain from the experience in your initial communication. Gauge the individual’s willingness to host you. If the professional agrees, discuss and decide on the length of your job shadow and schedule your experience. After the initial conversation and scheduling, immediately follow up with the employer to confirm the experience. Confirm again 48 to 72 hours prior to your arrival.

What Should I Do During the Interview/Job Shadow?

- Dress professionally. First impressions are always important.
- Get to the site a few minutes early and be courteous to everyone that you meet — secretary, receptionist, etc. Do not exceed your requested time, but be prepared to stay longer in case the contact indicates a willingness to talk longer.
- Bring your résumé, but do not immediately ask your host to review it. Wait for an appropriate time to show your résumé.
- Once inside the organization, look around. What kind of working environment is present — dress style, communication patterns, sense of humor, etc.? Is this a place you would want to work?
- Ask open-ended questions when appropriate (questions that require more than a “yes” or “no” answer) to promote discussion.
- Thank the host for taking the time to meet you. Emphasize your willingness to stay connected, and ask for a business card if available.

What Should I Do Afterwards?

- Evaluate your experience. How did you manage scheduling and conducting the shadowing experience/information interview? How well did you prepare? Did you get the information you sought? What information do you still lack? Do you need to shadow or interview more people in order to get more than one viewpoint or additional information? What do you need to do next?
- Follow up with a thank you note expressing your appreciation to your contact for his/her time and interest within 48 hours. You may want to include your conclusions/decisions resulting from the interview. This thank you note can be emailed or handwritten. You may also consider connecting with your contact on LinkedIn.
- Record the information that you obtained: names, comments, and new referrals for future reference, and make appointments to interview the referrals. After doing several information interviews, you may be more informed. You may also be able to make better decisions which are based on accurate, current information.
- Get your job shadow experience recognized. The Career Center provides several ways to get career-related experiences formally recognized, which is an excellent way to build your résumé and market experiences to employers! Please review the Experiential Learning Student Guide found at fla.st/1Q3PFyG to learn how to gain formal recognition for your job shadowing experience. No recognition is available for information interviews as these are not considered formal experiential learning opportunities.

Summary

Job shadowing and information interviewing are great ways to build your network and learn important information about occupations, organizations, and industries. If you have additional questions or require assistance to begin planning for an information interview or job shadow experience, visit The Career Center.